

Kaupapataka

Agenda

NOTICE OF A MEETING

OF

INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

Date:	Wednesday 4 September 2024
Time:	9:30 am
Venue:	Council Chamber
	Cr Barker

Cr Wang (Deputy Chair) Cr Kai Fong Cr O'Brien Cr Paterson Cr Brown

MEMBERSHIP

Chair

Members

Mayor Tapsell Cr Maxwell Cr Kereopa Cr Lee Cr Waru

Quorum

6

Andrew Moraes Chief Executive

NGĀ TUKUNGA HAEPAPA A TE KAUNIHERA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT DELEGATIONS

Type of Committee	Whole of Council Committee	
Subordinate to	N/A	
Subordinate Committees	N/A	
Legislative Basis	Schedule 7, clause 30 (1) (a), Local Government Act 2002.	
Purpose	To develop, implement, monitor and review strategies, policies, plans and functions associated with Infrastructure and environment activities.	
Membership	Mayor Deputy Mayor All councillors	
Quorum	6	
Meeting frequency	Monthly	
Delegations	 Oversee the management of council's infrastructure assets, utility services and public facilities including: Transportation Three waters Land drainage Laboratory services Waste collection, landfill, recycling Sports, Reserves and Recreation Cemetery Civil Defence Emergency Management Accountable for the development and implementation of the Infrastructure Strategy, Asset Management Plan and inputs on infrastructure related projects associated with Development Contributions Policy Oversight of progress of design and build projects such as, but not limited to: Waste water treatment plant Sewerage schemes (Rotoiti/Rotoma/Rotoehu, Tarawera Development of major facilities for example Museum, Aquatic Centre, Libraries Water storage and drainage for growth Infrastructure provision for growth Major transport projects, cycleways Reticulation of water supplies Undertake master planning of strategic facilities and spaces Encourage engagement with organisations within the sector to consider environmental matters including: Climate change response, both mitigation and adaptation Biodiversity Waste Minimisation 	

	 Environmentally sustainable practices
	 Environmental aspects of energy, transport and water
	 Monitoring and reporting against action within the Climate Action Plan
	 Monitor Council's contribution to the Te Arawa Vision (specifically in relation to Infrastructure and Environment outcomes)
	 The provision and maintenance of facilities and space for the general use of the public for recreation of all kinds including sporting activities, passive enjoyment, open spaces, play areas, toilets and changing sheds, flower beds, trees and shrubs, and display areas
	 The production of Management Plans and the general management of reserves in compliance with the Reserves Act 1977 and the general administration of the Reserves Act 1977 with the exception of the Hearings of Objections to the Classification of Reserves and Management Plans The leasing of recreational land for commercial recreational
	purposes
	 The beautification of public gardens and parks
	 Street trees
	• Council controlled organisations (CCO's) - advising on the content of
	the annual Statement of Expectations, agreement on Statement of Intent, monitoring against the Statement of Intent the financial and non-financial performance of CCO's
	 Make appointments and authority to remove appointments to Council-Controlled Organisations (CCO's).
Relevant Statutes	All the duties and responsibilities listed above must be carried out in accordance with the relevant legislation.

Order of Business

1	Karakia Whakapuaki – Opening Karakia5		
2	Ngā Wh	akapāha – Apologies5	
3	Whakap	ouakitanga Whaipānga – Declarations of Interest5	
4	Ngā Tak	e Whawhati Tata Kāore I Te Rārangi Take - Urgent Items not on the Agenda5	
5	Te Wha	kaū I Ngā Meneti - Confirmation of Minutes6	
	5.1	Minutes of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee Meeting held on 7 August 20246	
6	Ngā Tāp	aetanga - Presentations22	
7	Pūrongo	o Kaimahi – Staff Reports23	
	7.1	Local Water Done Well	
	7.2	Infrastructure and Environment Progress Report	
8		kataunga Kia Hoki Atu Te Aronga O Te Hui Hai Hui Tūmatawhānui – ion to Move into Public Excluded (to Consider and Adopt Confidential Items)54	
	8.1	Confidential Minutes of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee Meeting held on 7 August 202454	
	8.2	Approval of Contract Value & Term Extension 19/061 Streetlight Maintenance and Renewals 2020 - 203054	
9	Te Karal	kia Whakamutunga – Closing Karakia55	

1 KARAKIA WHAKAPUAKI – OPENING KARAKIA

Tūtawa Mai	Tūtawa Mai
Tūtawa mai i runga	I summon from above
Tūtawa mai i raro	I summon from below
Tūtawa mai i roto	I summon from within
Tūtawa mai i waho	I summon the surrounding environment
Kia tau ai te mauri tū	The universal vitality and energy to infuse and
Te mauri ora, ki te katoa	enrich all present
Hāumi e. Hui e. Tāiki e!	Enriched, unified and blessed

2 NGĀ WHAKAPĀHA – APOLOGIES

The Chair invites notice from members of:

- 1. Leave of absence for future meetings of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee; or
- 2. Apologies, including apologies for lateness and early departure from the meeting, where leave of absence has not previously been granted.

3 WHAKAPUAKITANGA WHAIPĀNGA – DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Members are reminded of the need to be vigilant to stand aside from decision making when a conflict arises between their role as a member and any private or other external interest they might have.

4 NGĀ TAKE WHAWHATI TATA KĀORE I TE RĀRANGI TAKE - URGENT ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Items of business not on the agenda which cannot be delayed

The Chair will give notice of items not on the agenda as follows: Matters Requiring Urgent Attention as Determined by Resolution of Rotorua Lakes Council The Chair shall state to the meeting.

1. The reason why the item is not on the agenda; and

2. The reason why discussion of the item cannot be delayed until a subsequent meeting. The item may be allowed onto the agenda by resolution of the Rotorua Lakes Council. s.46A (7), LGOIMA

Discussion of minor matters not on the agenda.

Minor Matters relating to the General Business of the Rotorua Lakes Council. The Chair shall state to the meeting that the item will be discussed, but no resolution, decision, or recommendation may be made in respect of the item except to refer it to a subsequent meeting of the Rotorua Lakes Council for further discussion

s.46A (7), LGOIMA

5 TE WHAKAŪ I NGĀ MENETI - CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

5.1 MINUTES OF THE INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 7 AUGUST 2024

RECOMMENDATION

1. That the minutes of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee Meeting held 7 August 2024 be confirmed as a true and correct record.

Minutes

Infrastructure and Environment Committee meeting held Wednesday 7 August 2024 at 9:30 am Council Chamber, Rotorua Lakes Council

- MEMBERS PRESENT: Cr Barker (Chair) Cr Wang (Deputy Chair), Cr Kai Fong, Mayor Tapsell, Cr O'Brien, Cr Brown (via Zoom), Cr Paterson, Cr Kereopa, Cr Lee, Cr Waru.
- APOLOGIES: Cr Maxwell, Cr Kereopa (lateness).
- IN ATTENDANCE: Richard Bird, Petitioner; Sarah Dewes, Petitioner.
- STAFF PRESENT: A Moraes, Chief Executive;
 J-P Gaston, Group Manager, Community and District Development;
 S Michael, Group Manager, Infrastructure and Environmental Solutions;
 T Collé, Group Manager, Corporate Services;
 O Hopkins, Executive Director, Corporate Planning and Governance;
 G Kieck, Manager Corporate Strategy and Planning;
 N Michael, Senior Communications Advisor;
 R Griffith, Governance Support Advisor;
 S Main, Communications Advisor;
 D Cossar, Governance & Democracy Manager;
 S Rowley, Property Manager;
 S Brown, Manager, Events, Culture, heritage and Mahi Toi.

The meeting opened at 9.30am.

The Chairperson welcomed elected members, media, staff and members of the public.

1 KARAKIA WHAKAPUAKI – OPENING KARAKIA

Cr Kai Fong opened the meeting with a karakia.

2 NGĀ WHAKAPĀHA – APOLOGIES

RESOLVED IE 24/08-018

Moved: Cr Waru Seconded: Cr O'Brien

1. That the apologies from Cr Trevor Maxwell, and Cr Lani Kereopa for lateness be accepted.

CARRIED

3 WHAKAPUAKITANGA WHAIPĀNGA – DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Cr Wang noted a precieved non-financial conflict of interest for item 8.2.

4 NGĀ TAKE WHAWHATI TATA KĀORE I TE RĀRANGI TAKE – URGENT ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

None.

5 TE WHAKAŪ I NGĀ MENETI - CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

5.1 MINUTES OF THE INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE MEETING HELD ON 3 JULY 2024

RESOLVED IE 24/08-019

Moved: Cr Wang Seconded: Cr Waru

1. That the minutes of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee Meeting held 3 July 2024 be confirmed as a true and correct record.

CARRIED

6 HE PUKA INOI TŪMATAWHĀNUI – PUBLIC PETITIONS

6.1 TE ATAWHAI AROHA PETITION

Richard Bird and Sarah Dewes tabled and spoke to the petition (attachment 1).

The Chair thanked the petitioners.

At 9:37 am, Cr Kereopa joined the meeting.

7 PŪRONGO KAIMAHI – STAFF REPORTS

7.1 INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT PROGRESS REPORT

RESOLVED IE 24/08-020

Moved: Cr Kai Fong Seconded: Cr O'Brien

1. That the report 'Infrastructure and Environment Progress Report' be received.

CARRIED

Stavros Michael and Rob Pitkethley overviewed the report.

Action Point:

• Cr Paterson and Cr Lee requested that a map showing water supply areas proposed for flouridation be circulated to Councillors.

7.2 MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS UPDATE

RESOLVED IE 24/08-021

Moved: Cr O'Brien Seconded: Cr Wang

1. That the report 'Major Capital Projects Update' be received.

CARRIED

Thomas Collé and Stewart Brown overviewed the report.

Action Point:

• Following a question from Cr Paterson, the Chief Executive will extend an invitation to the New Zealand Transport Agency for Councillors to provide feedback on State Highway funding in the district.

8 HE WHAKATAUNGA KIA HOKI ATU TE ARONGA O TE HUI HAI HUI TŪMATAWHĀNUI – RESOLUTION TO MOVE INTO PUBLIC EXCLUDED (TO CONSIDER AND ADOPT CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS)

RESOLVED IE 24/08-022

Moved: Cr Waru Seconded: Cr Kai Fong

1. That Infrastructure and Environment Committee resolves to exclude the public on the grounds contained in Section 48(1) of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act:

8.1 - Confidential Minutes of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee Meeting held on 3 July 2024Please refer to the relevant clause/s in the open meeting minutes.Good reason for withholding exists under Section 48(1)(a).8.2 - Tender approval for Contract 24-006 Geothermal Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes Council (Separable Portion 1 & 2)s7(2)(b)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is the subject of the informations48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7	General subject of each matter to be considered	Reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter	Ground(s) under section 48 for the passing of this resolution
Committee Meeting held on 3 July 2024minutes.8.2 - Tender approval for Contract 24-006 Geothermal Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes Council (Separable Portion 1 & 2)s7(2)(b)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who iss48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for withholding would exist under section 7	8.1 - Confidential Minutes of the	Please refer to the relevant	Good reason for withholding
July 20248.2 - Tender approval for Contract 24-006 Geothermal Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes Council (Separable Portion 1 & 2)s7(2)(b)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who iss48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7	Infrastructure and Environment	clause/s in the open meeting	exists under Section 48(1)(a).
 8.2 - Tender approval for Contract 24-006 Geothermal Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes Council (Separable Portion 1 & 2) s7(2)(b)(ii) - the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7 	Committee Meeting held on 3	minutes.	
Contract 24-006 Geothermal Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes Council (Separable Portion 1 & 2)the information is necessary to protect information where the making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who isof the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for withholding would exist under section 7	July 2024		
Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes Council (Separable Portion 1 & 2)protect information where the making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who isproceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for 	8.2 - Tender approval for	s7(2)(b)(ii) - the withholding of	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct
Council (Separable Portion 1 & a)making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who iswould be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7	Contract 24-006 Geothermal	the information is necessary to	of the relevant part of the
2) information would be likely disclosure of information for unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is section 6 or section 7	Bores 2024 Rotorua Lakes	protect information where the	proceedings of the meeting
unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who iswhich good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7	Council (Separable Portion 1 &	making available of the	would be likely to result in the
the subject of the mornation	2)	unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is	which good reason for withholding would exist under
		the subject of the information	

9 TE KARAKIA WHAKAMUTUNGA – CLOSING KARAKIA

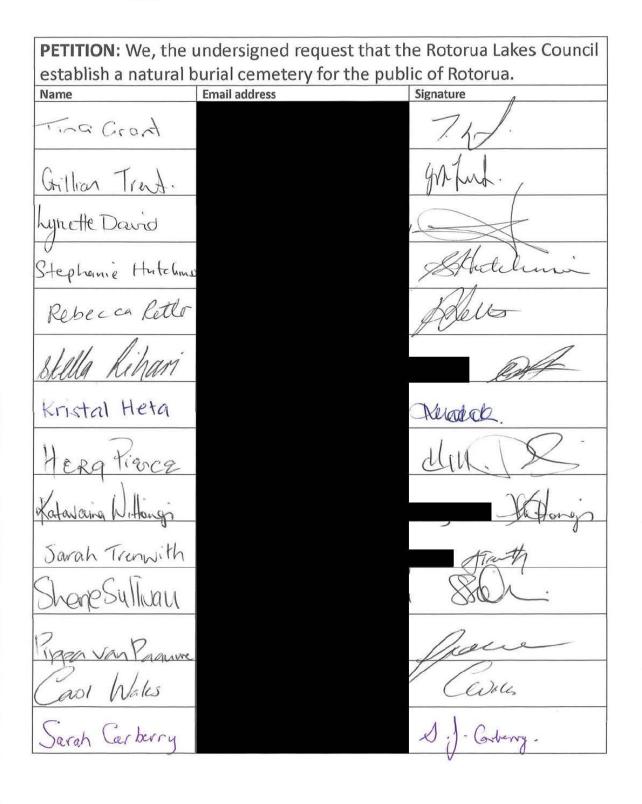
Cr Kereopa closed the meeting with a karakia.

The Meeting closed at 11.44am.

To be confirmed at the Infrastructure and Environment Committee meeting on 4 September 2024.

Note:-Rotorua Lakes Council is the operating name of Rotorua District Council







the public of Rotoru		es Council establish a natural burial cemetery
Name	Rotorua address	Signature
Toy Wike	pi	The
PELERKA WY	3 K11K	Q'
Timi Peri		fleri
Haviala Kohu	1mu)	Aden
Je Maaried W	are	Jellat Dha
Rupielar	hiso	P.R. Jahasong
keina Eng	elen	Aluge.
je kona Ash	MOLO	Jadehnore.
MARENA W	IM21	D.M. Nanani
tahana Clayton-Evc	2475	Alloyton-Eeran
- Emma Ho	awing	EID
tlonor Ve		Hons Voluce-
JOHANNE WH	icis	Jonello.



Petition: We, the undersigned request that the Rotorua Lakes Council establish a natural burial cemetery for			
the public of Rotorua.			
Name	Rotorua address	Signature	
Joe Curtis		A	
RUEBENHACK	EK.	Rocker.	
Tuini Walker		Aweko,	
Atamira Walt	ie <i>r</i>	Altering	
Tiłoki Shelford		Schuford	
GREG CILLIES		Ggillis	
JONE Lesi		- Course	
Atawhai Gill	23	Alu.	
YVONNE LUKI		SP .	
Kahn Chau		Stephan	
Glonys Con Anez- Strachaen		Storet .	
Deegles Contracy		Cent-	
Kothieen Whirips		K.st.g. Lens	



Petition: We, the under the public of Rotorua.	signed request that the Rotorua Lak	es Council establish a natural burial cemetery for
Name	Rotorua address	Signature
Sheena		SUB15-
Iti Pou		Shi Du
Linda Tait		2 - X -
Shelley Gr	en	Separy
Loxleey MCereg	or a	L.M. Cyregor
Rherra Ta	<i>it</i>	K.K.C
Tracy Na.	ha	S.N
Andre Nai	ba	
Hone Mas	2,is	St.
Margarel Country	ey .	relandrey
Maxine Cou	rti	Mosterp
Raiha Rataj	DLJ	RRataper.
Alack-May Daniels		Saniels.
Rivay O'Ponnoll	/	X
Keratiranes		Kanthing



Name	Rotorua address	Signature
Jane Matn		Jag Male
Mahora Merssi)	La April and
Danny Motina		Dannyheither.
Brian Maskell		Rough Touchell
TUSTINE ESPOS Manerin-ESS		AQ.
Tina Carlson		Lilcentran
Kaven Trevithic	tc	thick
Ann Esler.		Aller.
Leonie Nicholl	~~	Adiche .
Bybi Clarke		He.
DENISE AITKEN		
Keer Ryan	n	Alleja
Samona Radfe	nd	Reef.
Watte ly	N	as
Rehn Mind	6	REAL



d request that the Rotorua Lakes	Council establish a natural burial cemetery for the
Rotorua address	Signature
	Let. L'
e.	Robblenhile
	hermon"
	V. Luke
i	Glod
	S.
	Sulfice
	b
	Ump -
	Vacann
	AA
	Kutr
	Affant
	Cth
	Rotorua address e <



public of Rotorua.			ish a natural burial cemetery for the
Name	Rotorua address		Signature
jlelen Harris			4MD
Lynette Walmsle	Y		Luwalnesley.
Saval Denne	S		Bygares.
hynesse David			
Garn Wright			All
Joanne Dillo.			mpl.
Pania Roop			+AAA
John Amster	n		HUM
Richard Bird			ASSig
Blair Gibert			BAGALP
Flmy Spuidle			gueen.
Millie Bruce	و		AS
Yvonne Langridge.			X.
Alfred Hoyle		,	alfred. J. Hoyle.
0	L.	2	



Petition: We, the undersign	ed request that the Rotorua Lakes	Council establish a natural burial cemetery fo
the public of Rotorua.	Determine	Circuit
Name Manage E	Rotorua address	Signature
Manae ki		
Verde		unnul 2
Tamaki		
10111014		Chor
Courthey		
Tamaki Courtien Vanessa		
CURIS-WIKI Denise Aitken		
WHIS - WINI		
Penise Aitken		
	35	
×		

.



Petition: We, the unde the public of Rotorua.	ersigned request that the Rotorua Lake	es Council establish a natural burial cemetery for
Name	Rotorua address	Signature
Freddy-Ray C	ollier	Halli-5-
Freddy-Ray Co Shianne Kohi Cyrus At-e		Aller es-
yous thing	zza	ept
		V
ï		





Why is this needed?

Loss of knowledge and Tikanga

Loss of choice

Low levels of death literacy (the knowledge possible to gain access to, understand, and and skills that people need to make it deathcare options) make informed choices about end of life and

Funeral poverty "people can't afford to die" Katie, founder of The Coffin Club, Rotorua

We want everyone to:



be able to access support and equipment know about natural burial options reclaim knowledge/tikanga know what to do

ECO-FRIENDLY FUNERAL/TANGIHANGA TO ENABLE FAMILY LED AFFORDABLE,

end-of-life and death care Supporting whānau led



What are we doing

- Promoting advance care planning
- groups, health agencies and hospice. Collaborating with community local NGO's and government
- agencies
- Networking with similar groups regionally and nationally
- Facilitating workshops and seminars
- Establishing grief and loss groups
- support Whanau before, during and Providing resources and education to after death and burials
- site and people's right to choose Advocating for a local natural burial
- Making submissions

6 NGĀ TĀPAETANGA - PRESENTATIONS

Nil.

7 PŪRONGO KAIMAHI – STAFF REPORTS

7.1 LOCAL WATER DONE WELL

Prepared by:Russell George, Director, Infrastructure & Environmental SolutionsApproved by:Stavros Michael, Group Manager, Infrastructure and Environmental
Solutions

Attachments: Nil

1. TE PŪTAKE PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to update the Committee on the status of the Government's 'Local Water Done Well' reform programme and seek Council's agreement on the direction to be taken in formulating the "Draft Water Services Delivery Plan" required by anticipated legislation.

The report seeks elected member endorsement of the intention to advise the Government (in due course) that Rotorua Lakes Council proposes to respond to the proposed requirements of the "Local Government (Water Services Preliminary Arrangements) Bill' by formulating its own Water Services Delivery Plan.

HE TŪTOHUNGA

RECOMMENDATION

- **1.** That the report 'Local Water Done Well' be received.
- 2. That the Committee notes that Rotorua Lakes Council are proceeding on the basis that the Draft Water Services Delivery Plan be prepared based on retaining in-house delivery as its preferred service delivery model.

2. TE TĀHUHU BACKGROUND

Local Water Done Well is the Government's plan to address New Zealand's identified water infrastructure challenges. The key principles of Local Water Done Well are:

- Greater central government oversight, economic and quality regulation.
- Fit-for-purpose service delivery models and financing tools, such as improving the current council-controlled organisation model and developing a new class of financially separate council-owned organisation.

- Setting rules for water services and infrastructure investment.
- Ensuring water services are financially sustainable. Financial sustainability means revenue sufficiency, balance sheet separation, ring-fencing and funding for growth.

The new framework for water services delivery comprises 3 pieces of legislation.

- 1. The <u>Water Services Acts Repeal Act 2024</u> which repealed the proposed 10 water services entities and confirmed that Council's will continue to own and be responsible for water services.
- 2. The <u>Local Government (Water Services Preliminary Arrangements) Bill</u> (introduced in early June 2024) which "sets out the preliminary arrangements to put water services infrastructure on the path to long-term financial sustainability", and requires Council to:
 - Provide transparent information about the current state of water services
 - Set out proposals to achieve financially sustainable water services that meet regulatory standards

This Bill will require Council to submit a Water Services Delivery Plan within 12 months of the Bill's enactment. The overarching purpose of the Plans is for councils, (individually or jointly) to publicly demonstrate their intention and commitment to deliver water services in ways that are financially sustainable, meet regulatory quality standards for water network infrastructure and water quality, and unlock housing growth.

Territorial Local Authorities (TLA's) will also have to show how they will fund and finance long-term investment in water infrastructure, including renewals and operating costs.

Through the development of these Plans, councils will provide an assessment of their water infrastructure, how much they need to invest, and how they plan to finance and deliver it through their preferred service delivery model. The Plan includes the ringfencing of water services and revenue from other council activities. The Plans can also be prepared jointly, and so provide an opportunity for councils to have conversations with other councils about joint arrangements for water services delivery.

This Bill will also provide for streamlined consultation and decision-making processes for setting up council-controlled organisations that deliver water services.

3. The <u>Local Government Water Services (Transitional Provisions) Bill</u> will make available to councils a range of structural and financing tools to use for water services including a new class of financially independent council owned organisations and service delivery models and provide for the necessary economic regulation. The Bill will also contain a bespoke set of consultation and decision-making arrangements. Policy decisions were announced by the Minister in August 2024 and the Bill is expected to be introduced in December 2024 and passed in mid-2025.

The pertinent changes of the proposed legislation are:

- An expanded range of water services delivery models including new water organisations that can be owned by councils and/or consumer trusts. They are intended to be financially independent from their council owners from a credit rating perspective. Councils may design their own alternative arrangements, as long as the arrangements meet minimum requirements. These include meeting regulatory standards, financial sustainability requirements such as ringfencing of water services, and restrictions against privatisation. There will be additional requirements for water organisations to ensure they are operated and governed effectively.
- New financing options for councils. The New Zealand Local Government Funding Agency (LGFA) will provide financing to support water council-controlled organisations (CCO's) that are financially supported by their parent council/s. The LGFA will support leverage for water organisations up to a level equivalent to 500% of operating revenues (around twice that of existing councils), subject to water organisations meeting prudent credit criteria. The LGFA will treat borrowing by water organisations separate from borrowing by their supporting parent council/s.
- There will be a new economic regulation regime for local government water service providers, implemented by the Commerce Commission. The regime will ensure that revenue collected by local government water service providers through rates or water charges is being spent on the level of water infrastructure needed.

	Next 6 months (Jul-Dec 2024)	Jan-Jun 2025	Jul-C	Dec 20)25	Jan-Jun 2026	Jul-Sep 2026
Water service delivery arrangements	Councils can establish new water organisations allowed under existing legislation		Councils can establish new water models through legislation Minimum requirements for local government				
Water Services Delivery Plans (WSDPs)	Councils develop WSDPs		Submit WSDPs to DIA for review and accepta nce (Aug- Nov 2025)	Cou put acc WS	es providers in effect Councils publish accepted WSDPs (Nov 2025)		
					Comm	ares accepted erce Commis tua Arowai	d WSDPs with sion and
					Implen	onitor WSDPs nentation Pla omplete)	

The following timeline sets out the reform programme.

Figure 1: Local Water Done Well Timeline

The timeframe for developing a Water Services Delivery Plan is set out in the following table.

Activity	Indicative timing / milestone
DIA releases Plan guidance	August 2024 Local Government (Water
	Services Preliminary Arrangements) Bill
	enacted
DIA/council check-in(s) to monitor progress	Throughout the 12-month timeframe for
	preparing the Plan (following Bill enactment)
Councils submit final Plan to DIA	Within 12 months (of Bill enactment)
DIA accepts the Plan meets statutory	Following submission of Plan
requirements or refers back to council(s) for	
further work	
Council publishes Plan on council website	Once Plan is accepted by DIA

3. TE MATAPAKI ME NGĀ KŌWHIRINGA DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS

The Local Water Done Well reform confirms that Council's will continue to own and be responsible for water services. Council retains its ability to decide on its appropriate service delivery model and the choices available to councils include:

- Whether to deliver water services in-house or establish a water organisation
- Whether to deliver services on a stand-alone basis or establish a joint arrangement with other councils
- How to structure ownership and governance arrangements for any water organisation, and
- How to set up water organisations to facilitate access to long-term borrowing for water infrastructure.

1. Internal business unit or	 Status quo for many councils
division	 Minimum requirements for water service providers will apply
	applyNew financial sustainability, ringfencing rules, and
	economic regulation will apply
2. Single council-owned	New company established, 100% owned by the council
water organisation	 Financial sustainability rules will apply, but retains a financial link to the council
	 Councils with existing water council-controlled
	organisations will be required to meet minimum requirements
3. Multi-council owned	New company established with multi-council ownership
water organisation	Appointment of a Board through shareholder council (or
	similar body) is advisable but not a statutory requirement
	Option to access Local Government Funding Agency
	finance with the provision of parent support or to create a more financially independent organisation
4. Mixed council/consumer	Consumer trust established to own majority of shares
trust owned	 Mixed ownership, with one or more councils owning minority of shares
	Structure enables financially independent organisation
	to be established while retaining minority council ownership
5. Consumer Trust owned	Council transfers assets to consumer trust owned
	organisation
	 Consumers elect trustees to represent their interests in the organisation
	 Most financially independent of the available models

Overview of options for service delivery models

The following analysis assesses the service delivery options against the following criteria:

- The ability of Council to control the service delivery
- Maintaining strong links to other Council planning such as District Planning and Spatial Planning (Future Development Strategy)
- The link to mana whenua and community
- The ability to fund the activity (including the ability to raise debt)
- Economies of scale

All of the options, in effect, ring-fence the delivery of water services and revenue from other council activities.

Current Financial Situation

The following financial data is taken from Council's 2024-2034 Long-Term Plan. This illustrates the effect of ring fencing the three waters activities from the rest of council operations. The level of debt to income for the three waters activities is significantly higher than for the rest of council activities.

Year 1 2024/25	Total Council (Status quo) \$million	3 Waters only (within council) \$million	Non 3 Waters (within council) \$million
Debt	\$479	\$180	\$299
Income	\$211	\$53	\$158
Expenses	\$190	\$39	\$152
Asset Value	\$2,051	\$953	\$1,098
Debt to income ratio	227%	340%	189%
Debt to asset value ratio	23%	19%	27%

Year 10 2033/34	Total Council (Status quo) \$million	3 Waters only (within council) \$million	Non 3 Waters (within council) \$million
Debt	\$560	\$227	\$333
Income	\$276	\$82	\$194
Expenses	\$268	\$54	\$214
Asset Value	\$2,803	\$1,190	\$1,614
Debt to income ratio	203%	278%	171%
Debt to asset value ratio	20%	19%	21%

The 2024-2034 Long Term Plan includes estimated forward capital expenditure, and associated funding, of \$48.3 million. There is significantly higher expenditure in the early years of the plan which includes the upgrade of the wastewater treatment plant, conveyance and disposal, the extension of sewer networks and systems to service unreticulated lakeside communities, stormwater reticulation capacity and quality enhancements to address local flooding as well as environmental impacts and the expansion of water supply networks for growth in urban areas.

The water supply network is also anticipated to be expanded to cover the requirements for currently unreticulated zones over the life of the 30-year Infrastructure Strategy.

The level of capital expenditure required from 2034-2054 (i.e. the balance of the 30-year infrastructure strategy) averages \$16.8 million p.a (uninflated).

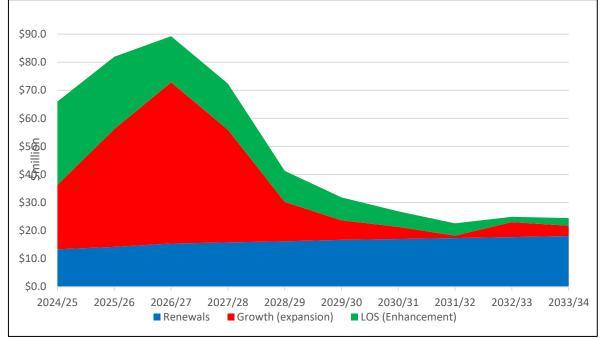


Figure 2: Estimated Capital Expenditure 2024-2054

Operating expenses (payments to staff, suppliers), interest expense, depreciation and overhead increase from \$53 million in 2025 to \$77 million in 2034 (a 46% increase). Interest Expense has the highest level of growth, increasing 78% from \$8 million to \$14 million.

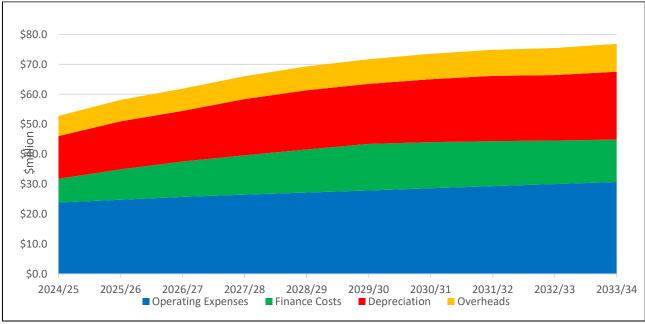


Figure 3: Estimated Expenditure 2024-2034

The 2024-2034 Long-Term Plan includes depreciation expense of \$193 million. This exceeds the estimated capital renewals provision by \$31 million over the 10 years of the plan. The Essential Services Benchmark¹ is calculated on Council's capital expenditure on network services as a proportion of depreciation on network services. Council meets this benchmark if its capital expenditure on network services equals or is greater than depreciation on network services. This benchmark would not be met by the three water activities once the three water activities are ring-fenced. There is a risk that future regulation to ensure that Council delivers water services in ways that are financially sustainable, meet regulatory quality standards for water network infrastructure and water quality, and unlock housing growth may oblige an increase in renewals.

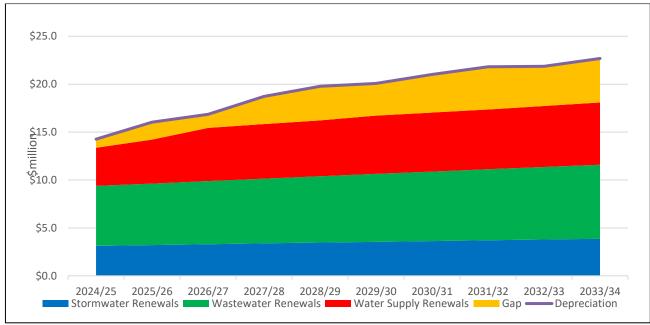


Figure 3: Estimated Renewals 2024-2034

Assessment of Options

Option 1: Internal Business Unit or Division (Modified Status Quo)

This is the least disruptive of the options. While there would be some change to reporting due to the requirement to ring fence the three waters activities from the rest of Council's operations, this option of in-house delivery affords Council the greatest level of control. Under this model, there is a greater ability to ensure integrated decision-making with other Council planning.

This option also benefits from Council's existing relationships with mana whenua and the wider community. An independent water organisation would need to develop those relationships over time.

¹ Mandatory reporting benchmark set by the Department of Internal Affairs

While a multi-council owned water organisation is proffered as having a greater ability to raise debt and incur lower borrowing costs, Council does not forecast an issue with its debt ceiling in the 2024-2034 Long-Term Plan. The LTP does not forecast Council exceeding either its self-imposed limit of 250% Debt to Revenue Ratio, or the Local Government Funding Agency (LGFA) limit of 280% Debt to Revenue Ratio.

The financial data from the Long-Term Plan illustrate that Council could viably retain in-house delivery of three waters, although the impact of economic regulations to be introduced in the Local Government Water Services (Transitional Provisions) Bill are unknown at this stage.

Option 2: Single Council-Owned Water Organisation

There are a number of considerations to be taken into account when determining whether a separate water organisation is the appropriate proposed delivery model:

- What it is that it is trying to be achieved and is a separate organisation the best method of achieving it
- Capability to govern, monitor and effectively influence
- Additional ongoing costs the costs incurred by the local authority in monitoring the performance of the water organisation, and the water organisation's own costs, can increase overall service delivery costs
- Reduced ability to manage risk arm's-length delivery can make managing risks to the reputation of the local authority more difficult

Although setting up a separate organisation to manage a local authority service may have some potential cost efficiencies, there will be additional overhead costs associated with its establishment and oversight. The organisation will have its own overhead costs. It will have a management and administration structure separate from the local authority, will incur costs in preparing a statement of expectations and in reporting against it, and will also incur audit fees.

A benefit that a separate organisation has over in-house service delivery is the increased ability to raise debt, up to a level equivalent to 500% of operating revenues (around twice that of existing councils) subject to it meeting prudent credit criteria. The level of increased debt that this allows equates to between \$117M and \$180M during the 2024-2034 Long-Term Plan. However, the following graph illustrates that Council does not forecast the need for debt above its self-imposed limit of 250% during this period.

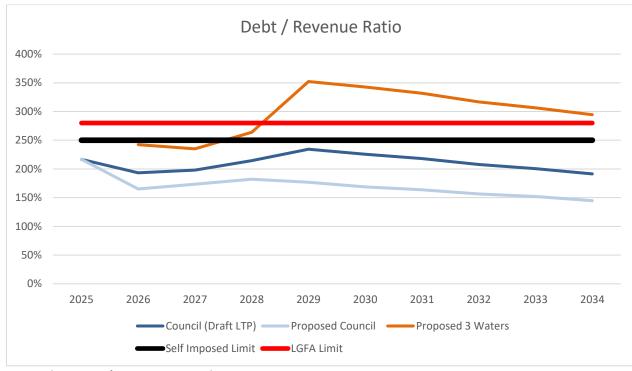


Figure 4: Debt to Revenue Ratios 2024-2034

Option 3: Multi-Council Owned Water Organisation

The assumed benefits of scale are cost savings, improved efficiency and affordability. The majority of these could also be achieved through agreed joint procurement across Councils using local authority shared service organisations in a manner similar to insurance cover procurement through BOPLASS. Another benefit of scale is the attraction and retention of skilled staff and the ability to develop skills and competence. A larger, specialised organisation offers greater career paths for staff. This is not currently an issue but is a recognised risk.

Option 4: Mixed Council/Consumer Trust Owned Water Organisation

The benefit of a Consumer Trust is its connection with water consumers. Under this model households and businesses with water connections would elect trustees who would in turn appoint Board members. Council already has a direct connection with water consumers.

Option 5: Consumer Trust Owned Water Organisation

This is the most financially independent water services delivery model. As with option 4, the benefit of a connection with water consumers is also achieved with the in-house delivery model.

Summary

The financial data in Council's 2024-2034 Long Term Plan and 30 Year Infrastructure Strategy illustrate that Council has the ability and capacity to retain in-house delivery of the three waters as its preferred service delivery model.

There are assumed advantages of scale through efficiencies, purchasing power and a greater ability to attract staff. These benefits are offset by a potential loss of control and a disconnection from other Council planning.

Moving to a regional (or larger) entity is a big step both politically and operationally. Ring-fencing 3 waters into a separate business unit could provide a transition step and would make any future move to a to a CCO or Joint CCO easier.

Option		Pros	Cons
Go it alone	Internal business unit or division of council	 Retain control. Better links to other Council planning i.e. district development 	May not achieve
Go it alone	Single council owned water organisation	 Increased debt leverage Retain control. Better links to other Council planning i.e. district development 	benefits of scale.
Regional Entity	Multi-council owned water organisation	 Scale advantage Procurement Staff recruitment and retention Increased debt leverage 	 Loss of control Further removed from mana
Consumer Trust	Mixed council/consumer trust owned water organisation		 whenua and community Disconnection from other council planning
Consumer Trust	Consumer trust owned water organisation	 Most financially independent 	. 0

4. NGĀ KŌRERA O TE HAPORI ME TE WHAKATAIRANGA COMMUNITY INPUT/ENGAGEMENT AND PUBLICITY

The Local Government Water Services (Transitional Provisions) Bill will contain a bespoke set of consultation and decision-making arrangements that will enable councils to streamline this process, while continuing to provide the opportunity for community input. These streamlined arrangements are voluntary for councils to choose to use, as an alternative to some of the standard requirements in the Local Government Act.

The arrangements include provisions that:

- Clarify that councils can set up joint committees that can consult on a proposal across multiple districts (instead of each council carrying out separate consultation), and to make recommendations to participating councils
- Set minimum consultation and information requirements so one round of consultation is required, and information only needs to be provided on the analysis of two options (status quo + preferred option)
- Enable councils to consider the collective benefits/impacts of a proposal (across multiple districts), in addition to the interests of their individual districts and to factor in the view of other participating councils

5. HE WHAIWHAKAARO CONSIDERATIONS

5.1. Mahere Pūtea Financial/Budget Considerations

The preparation of a Water Services Delivery Plan can be funded from three waters transition funding received from the Department of Internal Affairs.

5.2. Kaupapa Here Me Ngā Hiraunga Whakariterite Policy and Planning Implications

The assumption in Council's 2024-2034 Long-Term Plan is that "Council anticipates maintaining overall ownership, setting strategic direction, applying services stewardship and discharging appropriate asset management practice in its three waters assets.

5.3. Tūraru

Risks

There are a number of matters yet to be clarified by Central Government such as the details of the economic regulation. There is a risk that the economic regulation will require increased three waters revenue and/or increased investment in asset renewals. These matters will be considered during the development of the Water Services Delivery Plan.

5.4. Te Whaimana Authority

The Committee has the authority to adopt the recommendations. It has the delegated authority to oversee the management of council's infrastructure assets including three waters.

7.2 INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT PROGRESS REPORT

Prepared by:	Stavros Michael, Group Manager, Infrastructure and Environment	
Approved by:	Andrew Moraes, Chief Executive	
Attachments:	1.	Infrastructure and Environment Progress Report

HE TŪTOHUNGA RECOMMENDATION

1. That the report 'Infrastructure and Environment Progress Report' be received.

INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA

Doc ID 20458067

1

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

ROTORUA LAKES

Progress Report

То:	Mayor, Chair and Members – Infrastructure and Environment Committee			
Meeting Date:	4 September 2024			
Group:	Infrastructure and Environmer	Infrastructure and Environment Committee		
Group Manager:	Stavros Michael			
Report approved by:	Andrew Moraes, Chief Execution	ve		
Components:	Network performance – Transport; Network performance – Waters; Environmental Performance; Emergency Management; Active and Engaged Communities			
Stats and Facts				
JULY Connection applications in July 2024:			uly 2024:	
UULI			No of applications	New dwellings
			applications	connected
	104	Water	11	18

Morey Street detention dams

Earth embankments for both stormwater detention dams are complete.

Remaining work is the completion of the spillways.

CIP claim has been lodged for \$13million.

Totals

Stormwater

Wastewater





1

15

34

Goldie Street

Vaughan Road (Shared Path Crossing)

Puketawhero Park

Bollard installations to protect stormwater inlets from vehicle damage so flood control remains effective.

1

10

22

Wastewater schemes progress

East Rotoiti: 80% Biolytix units installed Tarawera: 96% of Stage 1 mains and 353 of 427 boundary connections installed





2

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Ohu: Waka	Network Performance - Transp	ort
-----------	------------------------------	-----

Transport	Capital	Projects	

Transport Capital Proj	C-13	
Programme	Projects	Progress
Subsidised renewals	Resurfacing (critical for maintaining integrity of road foundations)	2024/25 reseal programme being finalised to align with indicative budgets. Target is reseal 6-8% of total network. Average lifespan of seals is 15 years.
Subsidised renewals	Pavement rehabilitation (about 0.3% of network targeted per year)	Matahi Rd pavement rehabilitation out to tender.
Subsidised renewals	Footpaths (approx. 600km of footpaths in total in Rotorua)	2024/25 indicative NZTA budget for walking and cycling means there will be insufficient subsidised funding for footpath renewals for 3 years. Focus on safety repairs until funding options explored.
Subsidised Cycleways (LOS)	About 60km of cycleways constructed since 2018	No funding in LTP years 1-3 for cycleways/shared paths. No new cycleways are planned.
Subsidised Minor Improvements (LOS)	Local road improvements and	NZTA funding allocation won't be known until September so 2024/25 programme will be prioritised once we have funding certainty. Speed Management Plan on hold pending new national policy direction and funding availability is known.
Subsidised Emergency Works	Emergency storm damage repairs to restore level of service (LOS).	Emergency works from the May 2024 storm event 90% complete with Linton Park Link shared path remaining to reinstate in August-September 2024.
Unsubsidised Renewals	Parks road renewals to maintain integrity of road condition	Sites programmed for 2024-25 resealing programme being finalised and embedded into contractual schedules for Q 3 and 4.
Unsubsidised Street Improvements (LOS)	Improvements to enhance LOS to rural and urban areas	No provision in LTP years 1-3 for urban/rural street improvements. No plans for this activity.
Unsubsidised Rural Seal Extension (LOS)	Lichenstein Rd	Lichenstein Rd in design and prioritised for seal extension this year, pending funding constrains. Tawhero St West design complete but unlikely to fit within approved budget limits.
Unsubsidised Growth (LOS)	Upgrades to support growth	Porikapa Rd Shared Path (CIP) expected to be fully completed September 2024. East Gate intersection improvements in detailed design, awaiting NZTA planning approval. Once approval granted works will be tendered and we will seek NZTA financial support.
CERF-funded Transport Choices	Shared paths and zebra crossing upgrades (various) BOPRC Enhancing Public Transport in Rotorua	No funding available to implement CERF-designs (shared paths). Refresh Project on hold, subject to funding. Proposed new bus stops/shelters Amohau St to accommodate new bus routes. Government funding for these works subject to Final National Land Transport Programme 2024-2027.

INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE MEETING AGENDA

Doc ID	20458067	
00010	20430007	

3

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Transport Operations

- Programmed seal maintenance proactive/cyclical and reactive works are ongoing and no material defects
 or service disruptions have occurred.
- Unsealed road metalling programme up to the level allowed by available budget but ready to respond to weather impacts if/as needed.
- Storm damage works: General reactive clean-up and reinstatement from weather events ongoing and are adaptive to the risk created by new weather events.
- Environmental maintenance: seasonal mowing planned to start in spring.
- Traffic services maintenance: New road marking contract out to tender and street light maintenance ongoing. An extension of streetlights contract is recommended.
- Network and Asset Management: 2024/25 annual condition surveys will now be carried out nationally by NZTA. Future funding levels likely to be allocated on basis of identified road condition which will inform forward work programme development, treatments and activity management planning going forward.

NZTA/Waka Kotahi State Highways

Regional Land Transport Programme 2024-2034 has been endorsed by the Regional Transport Committee and adopted. Key outcomes as they relate to Rotorua Lakes Council are:

10-year Transport Priorities

- State Highway roading improvement projects along key corridors SH5 and SH30, Rotorua.
- High-frequency urban bus networks in Rotorua.
- More frequent regional bus services between Tauranga, Rotorua and Whakatāne, and inter-regional bus services with the Waikato.
- Car parking supply management and charging in Tauranga and Rotorua to manage demand and promote mode choice.

Prioritised Regionally Significant Activities - awaiting funding advice from NZTA

- CIP SH30 Eastern Corridor Stage 2 of upgrade of SH30/Te Ngae Road from Iles Road to Rotorua Airport.
- Malfroy/Old Taupo roads (SH5) Intersection Upgrade Intersection capacity upgrade and safety improvements due to housing growth projections- \$5m (total cost).
- SH30A Urban Revitalisation, Connect Rotorua Urbanisation of SH30A including Amohau Street and consequential local road and SH corridor changes \$36.6m (total cost).

Unprioritised and Unfunded Activities – Subject to discussion with NZTA

- SH5/SH30 Intersection Improvements: Intersection improvements providing safety and freight access benefits for the new Peka Industrial area, Red Stag Mill and Waipa Valley tourist area.
- Sala Street Corridor Improvements: Improvements to Sala Street/SH30A between Hemo roundabout and Sala Street/Te Ngae Road intersection, to accommodate more traffic resulting from SH30A Urban Revitalisation project.
- SH5 Corridor 4-laning, Fairy Springs Ngongotahā: Improved safety and increased capacity for this key freight route. Also supports future residential development around Ngongotahā.
- SH30/Rotorua Airport Intersection: New intersection providing safer, more efficient access to Rotorua Airport, proposed industrial development by Rotorua Airport and Eastgate Industrial Park.
- Inner City Revitalisation and Improved Accessibility: CBD safety and accessibility improvements.

We are awaiting decisions to be made via the Government Policy Statement and funding allocations of the National Land Transport Programme.

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Ohu: Wai | Network Performance - Water

Main Water Capital Projects

Water Main Renewals

Background	Progress
Renewal and upgrade of water mains is essential to ensure asset sustainability, resilience of the water supply network and to reduce water loss from ageing pipelines. On average, approx. 1.5% of the 800km network is	Following delivery of the 2023/24 FY package of water renewal work, within time and budget, a 2024/25 package of work is currently out for tender, with the aim to have a tender recommendation for the I&E Committee in September 2024.
renewed per year. Average life expectancy is 75 years.	This package will target leakage, old, galvanised iron service pipes will be replaced, and the existing delivery main left in service, due to galvanised iron pipe having a significantly lower expected lifespan. Streets and roads targeted for renewal: Tudor, Nihokiri, Tatai, Tiwha, Taharangi, Huratai, Russell, Westlock, Frank, Mill, Ian, Bellvue, Koutu, Haumoana, Karenga and Raukura

4

Water Main Upgrades

Background	Progress
The Reporoa water network as two sources, Wharepapa and Deep Creek.	Stage 1 was successfully completed in FY 2023/24 when the watermain on SH5 between Handcock Road and Reporoa Road was upgraded.
New water take consent conditions mean less water can be taken from the Wharepapa Spring. To offset this more water will need to be pumped from the Deep Creek Spring supply. Deep Creek and Wharepapa are on opposite sides of the Reporoa network. Upgrades of key distribution mains are required to ensure Deep Creek can pump water	Stage 2 involves water main upgrade on Broadlands Road from Homestead Road to Reporoa Road. This is planned for FY 2024/25, and is currently out to tender, with the aim to have a tender recommendation for the I&E Committee in September 2024.
through the network.	Stage 3 is planned for FY 2025/26.
The Reporoa water main upgrade is to be delivered in 3 stages.	

5

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Morey Street Stormwater Detention Dams

Background

Two detention dams under construction to reduce potential occurrence/impacts of flooding in lower catchment and provide for the upstream growth in Ngāti Whakaue Tribal Lands (NWTLs) 1100 houses. A \$15m funding agreement with Crown Infrastructure Partners (CIP) was agreed to assist with the funding of the dams.



Photo above: Morey West Dam

Progress

After I&E Committee approval to expand project scope and contract value to meet Regulatory Authority's building consent conditions.

The necessary contract adjustments have been made and practical completion of the earth dam embankments and the primary spillways has now been granted. A final claim has been submitted to release the remaining Shovel Ready Funding (\$13m.) The full project is scheduled to be completed in November.



Photo above: Morey East Dam

Linton Park Dam

Background

The existing detention dam was below current safety standards and at risk of failure. This project will enhance capacity in line with the western stormwater management plan and mitigate against flooding in Mangakakahi/Utuhina catchments.

Funding contribution of \$6.8m from Department of Internal Affairs. Balance from RLC and IAF funds.

Works critical part of western catchment stormwater master plan to enable future housing.

Progress

Construction of embankment portion of dam is now complete and construction of lusit wall on top of dam is planned for completion in August.

Planning actions are in progress to secure consents for an enhanced spillway to offset the need to construct another dam at Linton Park West.

Applications being submitted to IAF programme to transfer those funds to this project to cover the additional works required. IAF has signalled preliminary support for this reallocation.

6

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Victoria Street to Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) Sewer Main Upgrade

Background	Progress
Trunk sewer main between Victoria St and the wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) conveys sewage from western areas. Capacity is under-sized for increasing demand, sometimes resulting in overflows during rain events. A duplicate main will increase capacity and allow rehabilitation of the existing main.	Iwi considered proposed sewer alignment through Sanatorium Reserve incompatible with the reserve purpose. Section one from Victoria Street to Marist Rugby Park will be progressed now and new alignment options for the second section from Marist Park to WWTP are being evaluated and will be discussed with Pukeroa Oruawhata Trust and Ngāti Whakaue iwi. Agreed route will then be taken to detailed design.

Peka Block Development Enabling - Water and Wastewater

and trench shield set up along Whareforoa Dr

Background	Progress	
RLC is providing enabling infrastructure for water supply and wastewater services for Peka Block land development with delivery planned in two stages:	Stage 1 – Contract for water and wastewater pipelines installation awarded. Construction started and expected to be completed by November 24.	
 Stage 1 – Install new water main from Hemo Reservoir to Peka Block along SH5 and install new pressure wastewater main along SH5 from just north of intersection of SH30 to Peka. Stage 2 - Construction of wastewater pump station. 	Stage 2 – Design of wastewater pump station is finalised and a contract is out for tender. Target completion is June 2025.	

East Rotoiti/Rotomā Sewerage Scheme

Background Progress Scheme aims to remove adverse environmental • Wastewater treatment plant operating in effects of septic tanks and improve health of the compliance with resource consent conditions. lakes and communities. Biolytix pre-treatment units • Māori whenua and marae installations yet to are being installed on properties, connecting to progress as trustee consensus and Māori Land underground network leading to Rotoiti Court decisions are required. Wastewater Treatment Plant. Marae Committees to be advised Council has • made final funding allocation in line with scope of the tenders and no additional funding will be provided for high-capacity systems installation. 51 Whenua Māori properties will be addressed as legal matters are concluded. Council has decided final net capital targeted rate for properties as part of 2024-2034 LTP. Future growth properties will be addressed as

- Future growth properties will be addressed as they occur and installations will be made once building consents have been issued.
- MfE Minister initiated a project review to assist him signing off the reallocation of \$10M to the project. Information on the review TORs is currently exchanged with the Ministry.

7

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) Upgrade

Background	Progress
Upgrade to enhance treatment capacity and quality to meet new consent requirements and growth comprises membrane bioreactor (MBR) with full UV disinfection. Completion planned for end of 2025 followed by a one-year 'proving period'. Forest	Civil construction and foundations for the new Inlet Works and Lift Pump stations are progressing and on track for completion January 2026. Excavation for new Inlet Pump Station progressed
irrigation remains in place pending completion of Sustainable Forest Approach (SFA) project.	until geothermally heated groundwater flooded the site. TRILITY is working on a solution for RLC's approval and work is progressing to understand the
	cause to establish RLC's contractual position. Initial evidence suggests the issue sits with TRILITY but it intends to claim a contract variation based on unforeseeable ground conditions. The matter may ultimately require a determination by an independent expert.
Above: Civil construction of the MBR	Extending Mott MacDonald's tenure as subject matter experts is being sought through a new contract and procurement plan to extend their
	services to complete the design review programme and oversight of ongoing construction, commissioning and acceptance testing.
Above: Flooded Inlet Pump Station excavation	Work has started on establishing a new reference group to explore options for final discharge of recovered water once the upgrade has been completed. Currently mana whenua state they do not wish the discharge point to be in the forest.

Water Planning Projects

Resource consent renewal of four water supply takes

Background

Resource consents for 5 of Council's urban water supplies will expire in 2026: Karamū Tākina (Central), Waipā and Hemo (Eastern), Rewarewa (Hamurana/Kaharoa) and Wai-iti (Rotoiti), Rotomā (Lake Rotomā).

Technical assessments and iwi/hapu engagement are required to support new resource consent applications and enable cultural impact assessments.

Progress

Technical assessments completed and scoping underway. Application for Waipā/Hemo consents renewal accepted by BoPRC and existing use rights granted until a new consent is approved.

Cultural Values and Impacts Assessments for Karamū Tākina and Rewarewa (Hamurana) consent applications underway. RLC working with mana whenua on the Karamū/Tākina water source (about 40% of our central supplies) to progress joint consent application. Proposed relationship agreement to be presented to Council by iwi but expected future costs of MoU not included in LTP.

8

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Rotorua Urban Area – Comprehensive Stormwater Resource Consents

Background

Progress

BoPRC requires RLC to consolidate its 39 stormwater discharge resource consents for urban Rotorua and apply for a single comprehensive consent to cover the whole urban catchment. This will be managed through a comprehensive catchment management plan for streamlined, consistent management of stormwater discharge

Iwi/hapu engagement is necessary for the cultural impact assessment.

This consent has numerous complexities that are currently being considered and worked through and RLC pursuing an MoU with BoPRC for stormwater quality management.

RLC granted extension of time with hearing scheduled for 12 November. RLC confident of meeting that deadline but achieving best possible outcome is reliant on both RLC and BoPRC continuing to work together.

A new risk assessment approach for managing industrial sites and trade activities is nearing completion for review.

Tarawera Sewerage Scheme

and associated works.

Background

Approved implementation: Stage 1 - street mains, trunk mains, pump station, including connection to Ōkāreka scheme. Stage 1 is programmed to align with \$6.5m MfE Deed Funding commitments.

Stage 2 will be construction of 430 individual LPGP units to connect properties to the reticulation system.



Photo above: Cliff Road Pumping Station

Progress

Pump stations construction underway. These are being modified to allow for gradual connections with extra costs managed within contingencies.

Application to the District Court for an injunction to prevent future interference with works necessary for completion of Stage 1 was lodged and publicly notified in May. The judge adjourned RLC's application "sine die" (indefinitely), meaning RLC can renew application on short notice if there is further interference with the works.

Works on the 1.3km mains to continue 19 August 2024. Meeting with Police was also held for additional support. The objection to these works caused delays, legal and security costs and contract variations, estimated at a total of about \$150k+.

Progress: 20.9km of pressure mains installed, 14.9km pressure testing completed, 353 of 427 boundary assemblies installed.

DDL Contracting awarded Stage 2 and arrangements being made to obtain Locality Plans and Building Consents before physical start of the scheme in October 2024.

Ongoing communications and updates between RLC staff and residents' association and the collective working group established for Tarawera.

Doc ID 20458067	9 Infrastructure and Environment Committe 4 September 202
Background	ProgressProject updates are emailed to more than 350 addresses and quarterly updates to all stakeholders, including progress against budgets and anticipated risks.The flow of agreements to establish locality plans

Water Operations

Three Waters Reforms

The new framework for water services delivery comprises three pieces of legislation, the second of which, the Local Government (Water Services Preliminary Arrangements) Bill, was introduced in early June 2024 and requires council to submit a Water Services Delivery Plan within 12 months of the Bill's enactment. The overarching purpose of the Plans is for councils, (individually or jointly), to publicly demonstrate their intention and commitment to delivering water services in ways that are financially sustainable, meet regulatory quality standards for water network infrastructure and water quality, and unlock housing growth.

Through development of these Plans, Councils will provide an assessment of their water infrastructure, how much they need to invest, and how they plan to finance and deliver it through their preferred service delivery model. Ringfencing of water services and revenue from other Council activities is a key feature of the Plans. The Plans can also be prepared jointly, and so provide an opportunity for Councils to have conversations with other Councils about joint arrangements for water services delivery.

To demonstrate financial sustainability, Councils will have to show what needs to be invested to deliver water services to regulated standards and to provide for growth. They will also have to show how they will fund and finance long-term investment in water infrastructure, including renewals and operating costs.

10

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Stormwater:

Routine maintenance and operations are proceeding at a steady rate across the district.







Mamaku townshipHamurana RoadEdmund RoadAbove: Drain clearances are being carried out where necessary to ensure efficient drainage in rain events





Kawaha Point drain Sunrise Avenue drain Above: Rubbish removal as a part of routine maintenance on our open drain network



Above: Culvert replacement of an old root-bound concrete pipe at Wrights Park. Reinstatement with grass seed and hay mulch ensures rapid stabilisation and grass strike in the colder season.

Water Supplies:

- Routine maintenance and operations are continuing while final procurement plans are being developed and approved for this year's work.
- A focus has been on valve and hydrant maintenance, and also backflow prevention repairs following on from the backflow inspection programme.

11

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Wastewater:

- The second Dissolved Air Flotation (DAF) tank at the Rotorua wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) has had
 a full mechanical overhaul. This is a key process in sludge removal and one of the existing process systems
 that will remain after the current upgrade is complete.
- Forest pond desludging is almost complete.
- New control system installed at WWTP entrance to monitor septic tank truck disposals for fee calculation
 purposes and to control the input of substances that could be harmful to treatment processes.

Ohu: Taio | Environmental Performance & Climate Change

Climate Change

Climate Commission first annual monitoring report measuring progress against Government emissions reduction plan released July 2024. First National Adaption Plan Report due August. These reports can be accessed via the <u>Climate Commission's Website</u>.

Emissions Reductions

We are undertaking various mitigation actions like enabling and encouraging active modes of transport and waste reduction to reduce emissions and energy consumption. We are monitoring our corporate emissions.

Adaptation

Climate change effects cause significant cumulative impacts on infrastructure and core services. The focus of current efforts is on climate adaptation in predicting impacts and designing improvements to networks that would, as far as possible, help reduce risk to properties and our receiving environment.

Framework and performance measures

To ensure RLC meets its responsibilities and achieves targets, starting later this year, we will evaluate the Rotorua Climate Change Action Plan, national guidelines, targets and legislation, and climate preparedness guidelines to identify action required and within our sphere of influence, and any gaps in our current work programme.

Safe and Sustainable Journeys

- Bike Ready safety skills at Sunset Primary and Westbrook School.
- Driver Directions (practical driver education programme for young drivers).
- Road Safety Education Programme at Tarewa Marae (for recidivist drink drivers and other at-risk drivers).
- 'Slow down around schools' billboards installed outside schools.
- Latest edition of the Rotorua Urban Biking Guide published.
- 'Either way is 20kph' mini billboards installed on some rural school bus shelters (not finished yet).



Above: Billboard, Whakarewarewa School, Sala Street



Above: Rural school bus shelter, Oturoa Road

12

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Waste Management

Landfill

Investigation of existing leachate system under stage 4 of the older part of the landfill continues. This part of the landfill was constructed more than 30 years ago and is being checked to ensure it is in good working order.

Findings to date: Recent overflows in the leachate line of stage 4 and the subsequent investigation found the majority of stormwater from the dog pound was entering the sewer network via an old septic tank and then the landfill leachate line, causing blockages and capacity exceedances during intense storms. A plan to divert this to the stormwater network is being developed.

The leachate drains which receives the wastewater from the pound has been jetted and CCTV'd for 62 metres of its 140-metre length. An estimate to install a new sewer line from the pound connection to the pump station is being sought. If the leachate system is no longer suitable to receive the dog pound wastewater, this would be the best option to remove the risk of future sewer overflows and breaching resource consent and future proof the wastewater treatment from the pound.

Directly underneath stages 2 and 4 is an old creek bed. During construction of these stages in the early 1990s, the creek was diverted down the boundary of the property to make room for two new landfill cells. The flow from this drain is very small, but tested positive for contaminants, indicating the presence of leachate. We have not seen any negative impact on the Tureporepo Stream through routine water quality monitoring, probably due to dilution making the effect on the stream undetectable in the larger flow. We are working on a plan to capture the subsoil drain flow and divert it to the nearby pumpstation wet well. BoPRC has been kept informed these developments.

The work completed last year to alleviate erosion of the dog pound stream diversion channel has worked well. There is a new section of the channel that is now eroding and needs similar treatment. This section is on the embankment that separates storm water pond A from the channel. The embankment will be armoured and protected from further erosion during August.

Refuse and Recycling Collections

Both services are functioning well with no significant issues.

Resourceful Rotorua Litter Reduction Campaign

The slip face near the top of Mountain Road is being cleared of illegally dumped rubbish and the boundary with the neighbouring property (Skyline Sky Rides) is being fenced with 1.8m high deer fencing to try and close down this illegal dumping hotspot.

Waste Minimisation Education

Waste-related community events or activities supported by RLC have included:

- Three workshop sessions to community groups, at their request for this service.
- One free community workshop on waste reduction and recycling delivered in collaboration with Para Kore
- One school-based education session with 75 primary students.
- Two clean up events one organised by Miss Rotorua Foundation at Mountain Road filling a 9m3 skip bin and one along the Puarenga Stream, organised in partnership with Tatau Pounamu and NZ Landcare Trust.

Rotorua Lakes Council also had a stall at the annual Home and Lifestyle Show 4-6 July, which emphasised waste reduction education. Attendance at the stall was very good.

13

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Water Quality

Contaminant monitoring. A draft Rotorua urban water quality contaminant monitoring programme is progressing to support the Comprehensive Urban Stormwater Consent (CSC). Monitoring and triggered investigations inform freshwater quality management, identifying stream contaminants and informing possible mitigation actions.

Industrial sites. Neither Council's stormwater bylaw nor BoPRC's Natural Resources Plan (NRP) allow contaminants to be discharged to urban waterways unless permitted by the NRP. The CSC will require Council to manage urban industrial land-use effects on water quality. The draft approach has been developed with low, moderate and high risk assessment categories. Moderate and high-risk sites and activities will require a stormwater licence and be subject to audit for compliance with Council's bylaw.

Non-permitted discharges will continue to require BoPRC authorisation. BoPRC engages with Council, mana whenua and other impacted parties through this RMA process. Monitoring requirements can be aligned through this process and inform the Consent that authorises and controls the discharge of contaminants.

BoPRC consenting staff have indicated their support in initial discussions. Further discussions are to be held with BoPRC compliance staff to fine-tune and agree on the approach and capture in an MoU to support the Comprehensive Stormwater Consent. Council will also meet with submitters and respond to CSC Submissions.

Trade waste consents and audits continue to protect wastewater network and reduce risk of sewer overflows.

Emergency Management

Updates

Response: No local emergency events to report.

Readiness: Rotorua CDEM staff are developing a new work plan for the 2024/2025 year. The plan will cover all of the 4R's of Emergency Management, but will have a strong focus on 'readiness', in particular;

- staff training and
- development of tools that will help EOC staff more easily step in to their roles when the EOC is activated.

Building the capability of CDEM staff and improving the tools available to assist CDEM staff when the EOC is activated have been a focus for all of the TLA's in the BoP since the COVID 19 emergency, but there is a considerable amount of work still to be done. The need to improve training and general capability of CDEM staff across NZ was a consistent finding of recent reviews, including the *Report of the Government Inquiry into the response to the North Island Severe Weather Events* by Sir Jerry Mateparae (April 2024).

Other EMO's (Emergency Management Officers) around the BoP are taking a similar approach and all of the EMO's are working collaboratively as a group, with support from the two training advisors in EMBoP.

Tauranga City Council (TCC) has been investing heavily in training and engaging external contractors for much of this work, as NEMA has yet to develop courses and products that meet that need, particularly in respect of Intelligence, Planning and Operations. TCC staff have been generous in sharing the products they have developed with other CDEM office in the BoP region and have also been offering opportunities for CDEM staff from around the region to attend the additional training courses they have been purchasing.

14

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Staffing and Training

Rajind Seneviratne of RLC's Thriving Communities team was the successful applicant for the Emergency Management Officer (EMO) vacancy in the Rotorua CDEM team. His responsibilities will include leading the CDEM Welfare function for the Rotorua EOC and community engagement.

He has significant experience in building partnerships and community development. He established Rotorua's 'Welcoming Communities' programme which is considered an exemplar for other territorial authorities.



The number of staff on the EOC roster remains stable at just over 100 but staff attrition has seen a 50% turnover in the EOC team in the past two years, which impacted experience levels and increased training requirements. That also meant that many of those on the current EOC team have never met each other or worked together. To address that, a morning tea was held for EOC staff in April which also offered an opportunity for management to express appreciation for the discretionary effort made by the EOC team in helping keep their community safe.



Photo: EOC team

Ohu: He Hapori Kaikaha | Active and Engaged Communities

Open Space Capital Projects

Reserve Improvements

Following completion of the Lakefront to Motutara Point walkway in June, the old damaged lake-edge boardwalk was removed. Only minor repair works are left to do along the lake edge to complete this trail.

The new forestry access point from Tarawera Road is finished. It will be connected to the internal forestry roading network for future harvesting, removing the need for heavy traffic through the Te Pūtaki O Tawa access. The Kauae Urupā - Henderson Road parking area is also progressing and will be finished by mid-August.



Above: New forest access point created for forestry operations off Tarawera Road



Above: Kauae Urupā - Henderson Road car parking area

Sports field consultants, SSDM, have been contracted to design the sports field construction at Titoki Place at Ray Boord Park. They will be working with civil consultants Blueline to coordinate roading, parking, drainage and field lighting requirements with a developed design expected to inform consenting requirements that will be prepared during October. The intention is for field construction to be occurring from early to mid-2025.

Playground Renewals

The Karenga Park playground and the new adjacent toilet block have been completed. The final piece for Karenga Park playground was the installation of a 3D moulded play shape rubber koura developed by the local community during engagement for a play piece reflective of the area. The renewal of the Boyes Park playground is also progressing and is on track for completion in mid-August.



Photo above: Karenga Park koura



Photo above: Boyes Park playground renewal

16

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Toilet Block Renewals

The eastern Hamurana Reserve toilet block (see photo below) has been completed and is open for public use.



The additional double unit permaloo toilet for Puketāwhero Park has been ordered and will be installed in September between the existing car park and the basketball court. The Ray Boord toilet/change room was completed in July but is not opened yet because of some additional work around the building that was needed after large stumps were removed and associated retaining walls were repaired. This landscaping work will be completed and the toilet/change rooms opened by mid-August.

Sports Facility Use and Events

All of our fields are currently being used for winter sports and we have had to close them for only one Saturday so far this season. Our annual sports field condition audit was undertaken in July with our consultant Dave Ormsby from the NZ Sports Turf Institute. Fields assessed were found to be in good condition. Spring maintenance will focus on weed spraying, fertilising and coring, with under sowing scheduled for autumn.

Rotorua has hosted four Aotearoa New Zealand Māori Rugby League national tournaments this winter, with two more scheduled. These events will be held at various venues, including the Rotorua Stadium, Puketāwhero Park and Puarenga Park. The tournaments still to occur are the Tamariki Tournament in late September at Puarenga and Puketāwhero Parks and the Tuakana Tournament in late October at Puketāwhero Park. We will also be hosting the first BoP Rugby Steamers game at the Stadium on 14 August.

Open Spaces Maintenance and activities

Open Space maintenance during July has included regular gardening and winter tree maintenance, as well as some annual maintenance work on structures. The Lakefront boardwalk had a scheduled clean and after a warm autumn some additional work was needed to remove algal growth on some of the boat ramps in the clearer water lakes. These ramps will be rechecked before Spring when public use will again increase.



Photo above: Lakefront boardwalk cleaning and Tarawera Landing boat ramp scrubbing

Staff coordinated and attended community planting days with tamariki from Rotokawa school with 600 plants added to the Waikawau Reserve. Work has also occurred during July as part of the Ngā Kaitiaki o te Taiao o Waiowhiro project to enhance and improve the environment of the lower Waiowhiro stream, from the Ngongotahā cycle bridge down to the lake edge. This project was initiated by the local community who formed a group and began restoring the stream margin in 2017, with support from Rotorua Lakes Council (RLC) and

17

Infrastructure and Environment Committee 4 September 2024

Bay of Plenty Regional Council (BoPRC). They have monthly working bees and on their last community planting day, 680 plants sponsored by BoPRC were planted along the Waiowhiro stream.





Above: Waikawau Reserve and Waiwhero Stream community/kura planting days

8 HE WHAKATAUNGA KIA HOKI ATU TE ARONGA O TE HUI HAI HUI TŪMATAWHĀNUI – RESOLUTION TO MOVE INTO PUBLIC EXCLUDED (TO CONSIDER AND ADOPT CONFIDENTIAL ITEMS)

PUBLIC EXCLUDED

- 1. Exclusion of the Public
- 2. The general subject of each matter to be considered while the public is excluded, the reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter, and the specific grounds under section 48(1) of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 for the passing of this resolution are as follows:

RECOMMENDATION

That Infrastructure and Environment Committee resolves to exclude the public on the grounds contained in Section 48(1) of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act:

General subject of each matter to be considered	Reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter	Ground(s) under section 48 for the passing of this resolution
8.1 - Confidential Minutes of the Infrastructure and Environment Committee Meeting held on 7 August 2024	Please refer to the relevant clause/s in the open meeting minutes.	Good reason for withholding exists under Section 48(1)(a).
8.2 - Approval of Contract Value & Term Extension 19/061 Streetlight Maintenance and Renewals 2020 - 2030	s7(2)(h) - the withholding of the information is necessary to enable Council to carry out, without prejudice or disadvantage, commercial activities	s48(1)(a)(i) - the public conduct of the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding would exist under section 6 or section 7

9 TE KARAKIA WHAKAMUTUNGA – CLOSING KARAKIA

Kia whakairia te tapu Kia wātea ai te ara Kia turuki whakataha ai Kia turuki whakataha ai Hāumi e. Hui e. Tāiki e! Restrictions are moved aside So the pathway is clear To return to every day activities To return to every day activities Allied, enriched, unified, and blessed